

News Release

Intel Reports Full-Year Revenue of \$55.4 Billion, Net Income of \$11.4 Billion Reports Record Quarterly Revenue of \$14.9 Billion

News Highlights:

- Record full-year revenue in the Data Center, Internet of Things (IoT) and Non-Volatile Memory Solutions Groups; and record quarterly revenue in the Data Center and IoT Groups
- As of November, 14nm products made up more than 50 percent of Client Computing Group volume with growing enthusiasm for 6th Generation Intel® CoreTM ("Skylake") processors
- Announced increase in cash dividend to \$1.04-per-share on an annual basis
- Altera acquisition closed early in the first quarter of 2016, broadening Intel's portfolio

SANTA CLARA, Calif., January 14, 2016 -- Intel Corporation today reported full-year revenue of \$55.4 billion, operating income of \$14.0 billion, net income of \$11.4 billion and EPS of \$2.33. The company generated approximately \$19.0 billion in cash from operations, paid dividends of \$4.6 billion and used \$3.0 billion to repurchase 96 million shares of stock.

For the fourth quarter, Intel posted revenue of \$14.9 billion, operating income of \$4.3 billion, net income of \$3.6 billion and EPS of 74 cents. The company generated approximately \$5.4 billion in cash from operations, paid dividends of \$1.1 billion, and used \$525 million to repurchase 17 million shares of stock.

"Our results for the fourth quarter marked a strong finish to the year and were consistent with expectations," said Brian Krzanich, Intel CEO. "Our 2015 results demonstrate that Intel is evolving and our strategy is working. This year, we'll continue to drive growth by powering the infrastructure for an increasingly smart and connected world."

Full-Year 2015 Business Unit Trends

- Client Computing Group revenue of \$32.2 billion, down 8 percent from 2014.
- Data Center Group revenue of \$16.0 billion, up 11 percent from 2014.
- Internet of Things Group revenue of \$2.3 billion, up 7 percent from 2014.
- Software and services operating segments revenue of \$2.2 billion, down 2 percent from 2014.
- Non-Volatile Memory Solution Group revenue up 21 percent from 2014.

Q4 Business Unit Trends

- Client Computing Group revenue of \$8.8 billion, up 3 percent sequentially and down 1 percent year-over-year.
- Data Center Group revenue of \$4.3 billion, up 4 percent sequentially and up 5 percent year-overvear.
- Internet of Things Group revenue of \$625 million, up 8 percent sequentially and up 6 percent year-over-year.
- Software and services operating segments revenue of \$543 million, down 2 percent sequentially and down 3 percent year-over-year.
- Non-Volatile Memory Solution Group revenue was flat sequentially and up 10 percent year-overyear.

| Financial Comparison | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Annual | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2015 | 2014 | vs. 2014 | | | | | | |
| Revenue | \$55.4 billion | \$55.9 billion | down 1% | | | | | | |
| Gross Margin | 62.6% | 63.7% | down 1.1 points | | | | | | |
| R&D and MG&A | \$20.1 billion | \$19.7 billion | up 2% | | | | | | |
| Operating Income | \$14.0 billion | \$15.3 billion | down 9% | | | | | | |
| Tax Rate | 19.6% | 25.9% | down 6.3 points | | | | | | |
| Net Income | \$11.4 billion | \$11.7 billion | down 2% | | | | | | |
| Earnings Per Share | \$2.33 | \$2.31 | up 1% | | | | | | |

| Financial Comparison | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Quarterly Year-Over-Year | | | | | | | | | |
| Q4 2015 Q4 2014 vs. Q4 2014 | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue | \$14.9 billion | \$14.7 billion | up 1% | | | | | | |
| Gross Margin | 64.3% | 65.4% | down 1.1 points | | | | | | |
| R&D and MG&A | \$5.2 billion | \$5.0 billion | up 4% | | | | | | |
| Operating Income | \$4.3 billion | \$4.5 billion | down 3% | | | | | | |
| Tax Rate | 16.0% | 21.4% | down 5.4 points | | | | | | |
| Net Income | \$3.6 billion | \$3.7 billion | down 1% | | | | | | |
| Earnings Per Share | 74 cents | 74 cents | flat | | | | | | |

| Financial Comparison Quarterly Sequential | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue | \$14.9 billion | \$14.5 billion | up 3% | | | | | |
| Gross Margin | 64.3% | 63.0% | up 1.3 points | | | | | |
| R&D and MG&A | \$5.2 billion | \$4.8 billion | up 8% | | | | | |
| Operating Income | \$4.3 billion | \$4.2 billion | up 3% | | | | | |
| Tax Rate | 16.0% | 26.9% | down 10.9 points | | | | | |
| Net Income | \$3.6 billion | \$3.1 billion | up 16% | | | | | |
| Earnings Per Share | 74 cents | 64 cents | up 16% | | | | | |

Business Outlook

Intel's Business Outlook does not include the potential impact of any business combinations, asset acquisitions, divestitures, strategic investments and other significant transactions that may be completed after January 14.

Please note: Our Full-Year 2016 and Q1 2016 Business Outlook includes the expected results of our recently completed acquisition of Altera, an additional week in the first quarter due to 2016 being a 53-week year and a change in the estimated useful lives for our machinery and equipment in our factories from four to five years.

The acquisition of Altera was completed in early fiscal year 2016, which means that the 2016 guidance includes the expected results for the FPGA business. As a result of the Altera acquisition, we have acquisition-related charges that are primarily non-cash. Our guidance for the first quarter and full-year 2016 include both GAAP and non-GAAP estimates. Reconciliations between these GAAP and non-GAAP financial measures are included below.

| Full-Year 2016 | GAAP Non-GAAP | | Range |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Revenue | Mid to high single digits | Mid to high single digits | n/a |
| Gross margin percentage | 61% | 63% | +/- a couple pct. pts. |
| R&D plus MG&A spending | \$21.4 billion | \$21.3 billion | +/- 400 million |
| Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles included in operating expenses | \$350 million | \$0 | approximately |
| Depreciation | \$6.5 billion | \$6.5 billion ^ | +/- 200 million |
| Tax rate | 25% | 25% ^ | approximately |
| Full-year capital spending | \$9.5 billion | \$9.5 billion ^ | +/- 500 million |

| Q1 2016 | GAAP | Non-GAAP | Range |
|--|----------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| Revenue | \$14.0 billion | \$14.1 billion | +/- 500 million |
| Gross margin percentage | 58% | 62% | +/- a couple pct. pts. |
| R&D plus MG&A spending | \$5.6 billion | \$5.5 billion | approximately |
| Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles included in operating expenses | \$100 million | \$0 | approximately |
| Impact of equity investments and interest and other, net | \$0 | \$0 ^ | approximately |
| Depreciation | \$1.7 billion | \$1.7 billion ^ | approximately |

For additional information regarding Intel's results and Business Outlook, please see the CFO commentary at: www.intc.com/results.cfm.

Status of Business Outlook

Intel's Business Outlook is posted on intc.com and may be reiterated in public or private meetings with investors and others. The Business Outlook will be effective through the close of business on March 18 unless earlier updated; except that the Business Outlook for amortization of acquisition-related intangibles, impact of equity investments and interest and other, restructuring charges, and tax rate, will be effective only through the close of business on January 21. Intel's Quiet Period will start from the close of business on March 18 until publication of the company's first-quarter earnings release, scheduled for April 19. During the Quiet Period, all of the Business Outlook and other forward-looking statements disclosed in the company's news releases and filings with the SEC should be considered as historical, speaking as of prior to the Quiet Period only and not subject to an update by the company.

[^] No adjustment on a non-GAAP basis.

Risk Factors

The above statements and any others in this release that refer to future plans and expectations are forward-looking statements that involve a number of risks and uncertainties. Words such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "goals," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "continues," "may," "will," "should," and variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. Statements that refer to or are based on projections, uncertain events or assumptions also identify forward-looking statements. Many factors could affect Intel's actual results, and variances from Intel's current expectations regarding such factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in these forward-looking statements. Intel presently considers the following to be important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the company's expectations.

- Demand for Intel's products is highly variable and could differ from expectations due to factors
 including changes in business and economic conditions; consumer confidence or income levels;
 the introduction, availability and market acceptance of Intel's products, products used together
 with Intel products and competitors' products; competitive and pricing pressures, including actions
 taken by competitors; supply constraints and other disruptions affecting customers; changes in
 customer order patterns including order cancellations; and changes in the level of inventory at
 customers.
- Intel's gross margin percentage could vary significantly from expectations based on capacity utilization; variations in inventory valuation, including variations related to the timing of qualifying products for sale; changes in revenue levels; segment product mix; the timing and execution of the manufacturing ramp and associated costs; excess or obsolete inventory; changes in unit costs; defects or disruptions in the supply of materials or resources; and product manufacturing quality/yields. Variations in gross margin may also be caused by the timing of Intel product introductions and related expenses, including marketing expenses, and Intel's ability to respond quickly to technological developments and to introduce new products or incorporate new features into existing products, which may result in restructuring and asset impairment charges.
- Intel's results could be affected by adverse economic, social, political and physical/infrastructure conditions in countries where Intel, its customers or its suppliers operate, including military conflict and other security risks, natural disasters, infrastructure disruptions, health concerns and fluctuations in currency exchange rates. Results may also be affected by the formal or informal imposition by countries of new or revised export and/or import and doing-business regulations, which could be changed without prior notice.
- Intel operates in highly competitive industries and its operations have high costs that are either fixed or difficult to reduce in the short term.
- The amount, timing and execution of Intel's stock repurchase program could be affected by changes in Intel's priorities for the use of cash, such as operational spending, capital spending, acquisitions, and as a result of changes to Intel's cash flows or changes in tax laws.
- Intel's expected tax rate is based on current tax law and current expected income and may be affected by the jurisdictions in which profits are determined to be earned and taxed; changes in the estimates of credits, benefits and deductions; the resolution of issues arising from tax audits with various tax authorities, including payment of interest and penalties; and the ability to realize deferred tax assets.

- Gains or losses from equity securities and interest and other could vary from expectations depending on gains or losses on the sale, exchange, change in the fair value or impairments of debt and equity investments, interest rates, cash balances, and changes in fair value of derivative instruments.
- Product defects or errata (deviations from published specifications) may adversely impact our expenses, revenues and reputation.
- Intel's results could be affected by litigation or regulatory matters involving intellectual property, stockholder, consumer, antitrust, disclosure and other issues. An unfavorable ruling could include monetary damages or an injunction prohibiting Intel from manufacturing or selling one or more products, precluding particular business practices, impacting Intel's ability to design its products, or requiring other remedies such as compulsory licensing of intellectual property.
- Intel's results may be affected by the timing of closing of acquisitions, divestitures and other significant transactions. We completed our acquisition of Altera on December 28, 2015 and risks associated with that acquisition are described in the "Forward Looking Statements" paragraph of Intel's press release dated June 1, 2015, which risk factors are incorporated by reference herein.

A detailed discussion of these and other factors that could affect Intel's results is included in Intel's SEC filings, including the company's most recent reports on Forms 10-K and 10-Q.

Earnings Webcast

Intel will hold a public webcast at 2 p.m. PDT today on its Investor Relations website at www.intc.com. A webcast replay and audio download will also be available on the site.

Intel plans to report its earnings for the first quarter of 2016 on April 19. Immediately following the earnings report, the company plans to publish a commentary by Stacy J. Smith, Intel CFO and executive vice president, at www.intc.com/results.cfm. A public webcast of Intel's earnings conference call will follow at 2 p.m. PDT at www.intc.com.

About Intel

Intel (NASDAQ: INTC) is a world leader in computing innovation. The company designs and builds the essential technologies that serve as the foundation for the world's computing devices. As a leader in corporate responsibility and sustainability, Intel also manufactures the world's first commercially available "conflict-free" microprocessors. Additional information about Intel is available at newsroom.intel.com and blogs.intel.com and about Intel's conflict-free efforts at conflictfree.intel.com.

- 30 -

Intel, the Intel logo, Core, and Ultrabook are trademarks of Intel Corporation in the United States and other countries. *Other names and brands may be claimed as the property of others.

CONTACTS: Trey Campbell Cara Walker

Investor Relations Media Relations 503-696-0431 503-696-0831

trey.s.campbell@intel.com cara.walker@intel.com

INTEL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED SUMMARY STATEMENT OF INCOME DATA (In millions, except per share amounts)

| | Three Months Ended | | | | Twelve Months Ended | | | | |
|--|---------------------------|-------|-----------------|----|----------------------------|----|-----------------|--|--|
| | Dec 26, 2015 | | Dec 27, 2014 | | Dec 26, 2015 | | Dec 27, 2014 | | |
| NET REVENUE | \$ 14,9 | 14 \$ | 14,721 | \$ | 55,355 | \$ | 55,870 | | |
| Cost of sales | 5,3 | 24 | 5,100 | | 20,676 | | 20,261 | | |
| GROSS MARGIN | 9,5 | 90 | 9,621 | | 34,679 | | 35,609 | | |
| Research and development | 3,1 | 19 | 2,990 | | 12,128 | | 11,537 | | |
| Marketing, general and administrative | 2,1 | 18 | 2,049 | | 7,930 | | 8,136 | | |
| R&D AND MG&A | 5,2 | 37 | 5,039 | | 20,058 | | 19,673 | | |
| Restructuring and asset impairment charges | (| 13) | 57 | | 354 | | 295 | | |
| Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles | | 67 | 72 | | 265 | | 294 | | |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | 5,2 | 91 | 5,168 | | 20,677 | | 20,262 | | |
| OPERATING INCOME | 4,2 | 99 | 4,453 | | 14,002 | | 15,347 | | |
| Gains (losses) on equity investments, net | | 18 | 233 | | 315 | | 411 | | |
| Interest and other, net | (| 14) | (27) | | (105) | | 43 | | |
| INCOME BEFORE TAXES | 4,3 |)3 | 4,659 | | 14,212 | | 15,801 | | |
| Provision for taxes | 6 | 90 | 998 | | 2,792 | | 4,097 | | |
| NET INCOME | \$ 3,6 | 13 \$ | 3,661 | \$ | 11,420 | \$ | 11,704 | | |
| BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE OF COMMON STOCK | \$ 0. | 77 \$ | 0.77 | \$ | 2.41 | \$ | 2.39 | | |
| DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE OF COMMON STOCK | \$ 0. | 74 \$ | 0.74 | \$ | 2.33 | \$ | 2.31 | | |
| WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OF COMMON STOCK OUTSTANDING: | | | | | | | | | |
| BASIC | 4,7 | 22 | 4,769 | | 4,742 | | 4,901 | | |
| DILUTED | 4,8 | 76 | 4,940 | | 4,894 | | 5,056 | | |

INTEL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED SUMMARY BALANCE SHEET DATA (In millions)

| | Dec 26, 2015 | Sep 27, 2015 | | Dec 27, 2014 | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|--|
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 15,308 | | ,065 \$ | 2,561 | |
| Short-term investments | 2,682 | | ,119 | 2,430 | |
| Trading assets | 7,323 | | ,659 | 9,063 | |
| Accounts receivable, net | 4,787 | 4 | ,101 | 4,427 | |
| Inventories | | | | | |
| Raw materials | 532 | | 557 | 462 | |
| Work in process | 2,893 | | ,690 | 2,375 | |
| Finished goods | 1,742 | | ,718 <u> </u> | 1,436 | |
| D-C14 | 5,167 | | ,965 | 4,273 | |
| Deferred tax assets | 2,036 | | ,992 | 1,958 | |
| Other current assets TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | 3,053 40,356 | | $\frac{,304}{205}$ | 3,018 | |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | 40,330 | | ,205 | 27,730 | |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | 31,858 | 31 | ,597 | 33,238 | |
| Marketable equity securities | 5,960 | 5 | ,618 | 7,097 | |
| Other long-term investments | 1,891 | 1 | ,829 | 2,023 | |
| Goodwill | 11,332 | | ,026 | 10,861 | |
| Identified intangible assets, net | 3,933 | | ,022 | 4,446 | |
| Other long-term assets | 7,735 | | ,255 | 6,505 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 103,065 | \$ 98 | ,552 \$ | 91,900 | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Short-term debt | \$ 2,634 | \$ 1 | ,129 \$ | 1,596 | |
| Accounts payable | 2,063 | 2 | ,449 | 2,748 | |
| Accrued compensation and benefits | 3,138 | 2 | ,732 | 3,475 | |
| Accrued advertising | 960 | 1 | ,028 | 1,092 | |
| Deferred income | 2,188 | 2 | ,160 | 2,205 | |
| Other accrued liabilities | 4,684 | 5 | ,582 | 4,895 | |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | 15,667 | 15 | ,080 | 16,011 | |
| Long-term debt | 20,036 | 20 | ,059 | 12,059 | |
| Long-term deferred tax liabilities | 2,539 | 2 | ,502 | 3,775 | |
| Other long-term liabilities | 2,841 | 2 | ,909 | 3,278 | |
| TEMPORARY EQUITY | 897 | | 905 | 912 | |
| Stockholders' equity | | | | | |
| Preferred Stock | _ | | | _ | |
| Common stock and capital in excess of par value | 23,411 | 23 | ,001 | 21,781 | |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | 60 | | (335) | 666 | |
| Retained Earnings | 37,614 | 34 | ,431 | 33,418 | |
| TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | 61,085 | 57 | ,097 | 55,865 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES, TEMPORARY EQUITY AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | \$ 103,065 | \$ 98 | ,552 \$ | 91,900 | |

INTEL CORPORATION SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL AND OTHER INFORMATION

(In millions)

| | Q4 2015 | | Q3 2015 | Q4 2014 |
|---|---------|---------|---------------|---------------|
| CASH INVESTMENTS: | | | | |
| Cash and short-term investments | \$ | 17,990 | \$ 14,184 | \$ 4,991 |
| Trading assets | | 7,323 | 6,659 | 9,063 |
| Total cash investments | \$ | 25,313 | \$ 20,843 | \$ 14,054 |
| CURRENT DEFERRED INCOME: | | | | |
| Deferred income on shipments of components to distributors | \$ | 920 | \$ 918 | \$ 944 |
| Deferred income from software, services and other | | 1,268 | 1,242 | 1,261 |
| Total current deferred income | \$ | 2,188 | \$ 2,160 | \$ 2,205 |
| SELECTED CASH FLOW INFORMATION: | | | | |
| Depreciation | \$ | 1,936 | \$ 2,060 | \$ 1,889 |
| Share-based compensation | \$ | 296 | \$ 309 | \$ 281 |
| Amortization of intangibles | \$ | 210 | \$ 215 | \$ 279 |
| Additions to property, plant and equipment | \$ | (2,328) | \$ (1,206) | \$ (2,143) |
| Acquisitions, net of cash acquired | \$ | (408) | \$ (14) | \$ (741) |
| Investments in non-marketable equity investments | \$ | (147) | \$ (340) | \$ (47) |
| Equity investment in Tsinghua Unigroup Ltd. | \$ | | \$ (966) | \$ |
| Repurchase of common stock ¹ | \$ | (525) | \$ (1,029) | \$ (4,000) |
| Proceeds from sales of common stock to employees & excess tax benefit | \$ | 190 | \$ 228 | \$ 107 |
| Issuance of long-term debt, net of issuance costs | \$ | 1,490 | \$ 7,986 | \$ |
| Payment of dividends to stockholders | \$ | (1,133) | \$ (1,140) | \$ (1,069) |
| EARNINGS PER SHARE OF COMMON STOCK INFORMATION: | | | | |
| Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding - basic | | 4,722 | 4,747 | 4,769 |
| Dilutive effect of employee equity incentive plans | | 64 | 48 | 81 |
| Dilutive effect of convertible debt | | 90 | 81 | 90 |
| Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding - diluted | | 4,876 | 4,876 | 4,940 |
| STOCK BUYBACK: | | | | |
| Shares repurchased ¹ | | 16 | 35 | 115 |
| Cumulative shares repurchased (in billions) | | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.7 |
| Remaining dollars authorized for buyback (in billions) | \$ | 9.4 | \$ 9.9 | \$ 12.4 |
| OTHER INFORMATION: | | | | |
| Employees (in thousands) | | 107.3 | 106.5 | 106.7 |

¹ Shares repurchased in Q3 2015 included a small portion paid for in cash during the subsequent quarter.

INTEL CORPORATION SUPPLEMENTAL OPERATING SEGMENT RESULTS

(In millions)

| | Three Months Ended | | | | Twelve Months Ended | | | | |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|--------|----|---------------------|----|-----------------|--|--|
| | Dec 26, 2015 | Dec 27, 2014 | | I | Dec 26, 2015 | | Dec 27, 2014 | | |
| Net Revenue | | | | | | | | | |
| Client Computing Group | | | | | | | | | |
| Platform | \$ 8,392 | \$ | 8,466 | \$ | 30,654 | \$ | 33,210 | | |
| Other | 364 | | 400 | | 1,565 | | 1,662 | | |
| | 8,756 | | 8,866 | | 32,219 | | 34,872 | | |
| Data Center Group | | | | | | | | | |
| Platform | 4,021 | | 3,823 | | 14,882 | | 13,366 | | |
| Other | 287 | | 268 | | 1,095 | | 1,021 | | |
| | 4,308 | | 4,091 | | 15,977 | | 14,387 | | |
| Internet of Things Group | | | | | | | | | |
| Platform | 526 | | 494 | | 1,976 | | 1,814 | | |
| Other | 99 | | 97 | | 322 | | 328 | | |
| | 625 | | 591 | | 2,298 | | 2,142 | | |
| Software and services operating segments | 543 | | 557 | | 2,167 | | 2,216 | | |
| All other | 682 | | 616 | | 2,694 | | 2,253 | | |
| TOTAL NET REVENUE | \$ 14,914 | \$ | 14,721 | \$ | 55,355 | \$ | 55,870 | | |
| Operating income (loss) | | | | | | | | | |
| Client Computing Group | \$ 2,720 | \$ | 2,837 | \$ | 8,165 | \$ | 10,323 | | |
| Data Center Group | 2,173 | | 2,266 | | 7,844 | | 7,390 | | |
| Internet of Things Group | 132 | | 177 | | 515 | | 583 | | |
| Software and services operating segments | 91 | | 25 | | 210 | | 81 | | |
| All other | (817) | | (852) | | (2,732) | | (3,030) | | |
| TOTAL OPERATING INCOME | \$ 4,299 | \$ | 4,453 | \$ | 14,002 | \$ | 15,347 | | |
| | | _ | | | | | | | |

During the first quarter of 2015, we combined the PC Client Group and Mobile and Communications Group to create the Client Computing Group (CCG). This change in our organizational structure reflects our strategy to address all aspects of the client computing market segment and utilize our intellectual property to offer compelling customer solutions. All prior-period amounts have been retrospectively adjusted to reflect the way we internally manage and monitor segment performance starting in fiscal year 2015 and include other minor reorganizations.

Our operating segment results shown above are comprised of the following:

- Client Computing Group. Includes platforms designed for the notebook (including UltrabookTM devices), 2 in 1 systems, the desktop (including allin-ones and high-end enthusiast PCs), tablets, and phones; wireless and wired connectivity products; as well as mobile communication components.
- Data Center Group. Includes platforms designed for the enterprise, cloud, communications infrastructure, and technical computing segments.
- Internet of Things Group. Includes platforms designed for Internet of Things market segments, including retail, transportation, industrial, and buildings and home, along with a broad range of other market segments.
- Software and services operating segments. Includes software products designed to deliver innovative solutions that secure computers, mobile devices, and networks around the world, and software products and services that promote Intel architecture as the platform of choice for software development.
- All other category includes revenue, expenses, and charges such as:
 - results of operations from our Non-Volatile Memory Solutions Group and New Devices Group;
 - · amounts included within restructuring and asset impairment charges;
 - a portion of employee benefits, compensation, and other expenses not allocated to the operating segments;
 - divested businesses for which discrete operating results are not regularly reviewed by our CODM;
 - results of operations of start-up businesses that support our initiatives, including our foundry business; and
 - · acquisition-related costs, including amortization and any impairment of acquisition-related intangibles and goodwill.

A substantial majority of our revenue is generated from the sale of platforms. Platforms incorporate various components and technologies, including a microprocessor and chipset, a stand-alone SoC, or a multi-chip package. Our remaining primary product lines are incorporated in "other."

INTEL CORPORATION SUPPLEMENTAL PLATFORM REVENUE INFORMATION

| | Q4 2015 compared to Q3 2015 | | Q4 YTD 2015 compared to Q4 YTD 2014 |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|--|
| Client Computing Group Platform | | | |
| Unit Volumes | | (16)% | (11)% |
| Average Selling Prices | 5% | 17% | 4% |
| Data Center Group Platform | | | |
| Unit Volumes | 6% | 7% | 8% |
| Average Selling Prices | (1)% | (1)% | 3% |

Client Computing Group Notebook, Desktop and Tablet Platform Key Drivers

2015 compared to 2014:

- Notebook platform volumes decreased 9%
- Notebook platform average selling prices increased 2%
- Desktop platform volumes decreased 16%
- Desktop platform average selling prices increased 6%

Q4 2015 compared to Q4 2014:

- Notebook platform volumes decreased 10%
- Notebook platform average selling prices increased 6%
- Desktop platform volumes decreased 9%
- Desktop platform average selling prices increased 9%
- Tablet platform volumes of 9 million units decreased 33%

INTEL CORPORATION EXPLANATION OF NON-GAAP MEASURES

In addition to disclosing financial results in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), this earnings release contains references to the non-GAAP financial measures described below. We believe these non-GAAP financial measures provide investors with useful supplemental information about the financial performance of our business, enable comparison of financial results between periods where certain items may vary independent of business performance, and allow for greater transparency with respect to key metrics used by management in operating our business.

Our non-GAAP financial measures reflect adjustments based on the following items, as well as the related income tax effects. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP, and the financial results calculated in accordance with GAAP and reconciliations from these results should be carefully evaluated.

Acquisition-related adjustments: The non-GAAP financial measures disclosed by the company exclude certain business combination accounting adjustments and certain expenses related to acquisitions as follows:

- Revenue and gross margin non-GAAP outlook excludes the impact of the deferred revenue write-down, amortization
 of acquisition-related intangible assets that impact cost of sales, and the inventory valuation adjustment.
 - Deferred revenue write-down: Sales to distributors are made under agreements allowing for subsequent price adjustments and returns and are deferred until the products are resold by the distributor. Business combination accounting principles require us to write down to fair value the deferred revenue assumed in our acquisitions as we have limited performance obligations associated with this deferred revenue. Our GAAP revenues and related cost of sales for the subsequent reselling by distributors to end customers after an acquisition do not reflect the full amounts that would have been reported if the acquired deferred revenue was not written down to fair value. The non-GAAP adjustments eliminate the effect of the deferred revenue write-down. We believe these adjustments are useful to investors as an additional means to reflect revenue and gross margin trends of our business.
 - Inventory valuation adjustment: Business combination accounting principles require us to measure acquired inventory at fair value. The fair value of inventory reflects the acquired company's cost of manufacturing plus a portion of the expected profit margin. The non-GAAP adjustment to our cost of sales excludes the expected profit margin component that is recorded under business combination accounting principles. We believe the adjustment is useful to investors as an additional means to reflect cost of sales and gross margin trends of our business.
- Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets: Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets consists of amortization of intangibles assets such as developed technology, trade names, and customer relationships acquired in connection with business combinations. We record charges relating to the amortization of these intangibles within both cost of sales and operating expenses in our GAAP financial statements. Amortization charges for our acquisition-related intangible assets are inconsistent in size and are significantly impacted by the timing and valuation of our acquisitions. Consequently, our non-GAAP adjustments exclude these charges to facilitate an evaluation of our current operating performance and comparisons to our past operating performance.
- R&D plus MG&A spending non-GAAP outlook excludes the impact of other one-time charges associated with the
 acquisition of Altera, which primarily includes bankers fees, compensation-related costs, and valuation charges for
 Altera's stock based compensation.

Constant currency effect on revenue: Constant currency results assume foreign revenues are translated from foreign currencies to the U.S. dollar, net of the effect of foreign currency hedges, at rates consistent with those in the comparable period. We believe this is a useful metric that facilitates comparison to our historical performance for the Intel Security Group operating segment.

Gross cash, net cash and other longer term investments: We reference non-GAAP financial measures of gross cash, net cash and other longer term investments, which are used by management when assessing our sources of liquidity and capital resources. We believe these non-GAAP financial measures are helpful to investors in understanding our capital structure and how we manage our resources.

SUPPLEMENTAL RECONCILIATIONS OF GAAP OUTLOOK TO NON-GAAP OUTLOOK

Set forth below are reconciliations of the non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure. The non-GAAP financial measure disclosed by the company has limitations and should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, the financial measure prepared in accordance with GAAP, and the financial outlook prepared in accordance with GAAP and the reconciliations from this Business Outlook should be carefully evaluated. Please refer to "Explanation of Non-GAAP Measures" in this document for a detailed explanation of the adjustment made to the comparable GAAP measures, the ways management uses the non-GAAP measures, and the reasons why management believes the non-GAAP measures provide useful information for investors.

| (\$ in Billions) | Q1 2016 Outlook | | | 2016 Outlook | | | |
|--|-----------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------------------|--|
| GAAP REVENUE Adjustment for deferred revenue write-down | \$ | 14.0 0.1 | +/-500 million | | Mid to | high single digits | |
| NON-GAAP REVENUE | \$ | 14.1 | +/-500 million | _ | Mid to | high single digits | |
| GAAP GROSS MARGIN PERCENTAGE Adjustments for: | | 58% | 6 +/- a couple pct. pts. | | 61% | 6 +/- a couple pct. pts. | |
| Deferred revenue write-down | | | 6 | | % | 6 | |
| Inventory valuation | | 2 % | o o | | 1 % | ⁄o | |
| Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles | | 2 % | ó | | 2 % | 6 | |
| NON-GAAP GROSS MARGIN PERCENTAGE | | 62% | 6 +/- a couple pct. pts. | | 63% | 6 +/- a couple pct. pts. | |
| GAAP R&D plus MG&A SPENDING Adjustment for other acquisition-related charges | \$ | 5.6 0.1 | approximately | \$ | 21.4 0.1 | approximately | |
| NON-GAAP R&D plus MG&A SPENDING | \$ | 5.5 | approximately | \$ | 21.3 | approximately | |
| GAAP AMORTIZATION OF ACQUISITION-RELATED INTANGIBLES INCLUDED IN OPERATING EXPENSES Adjustment for amortization of acquisition-related amortization | \$ | 0.1 (0.1) | approximately | \$ | 0.4 (0.4) | approximately | |
| NON-GAAP AMORTIZATION OF ACQUISITION-RELATED INTANGIBLES INCLUDED IN OPERATING EXPENSES | \$ | _ | | \$ | _ | | |

SUPPLEMENTAL RECONCILIATIONS OF CONSTANT CURRENCY

Set forth below is a reconciliation of our operating results for the Intel Security Group operating segment on a constant currency basis. This non-GAAP financial measure should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP and reconciliations from these results should be carefully evaluated. Please refer to "Explanation of Non-GAAP Measures" in this document for a detailed explanation of the adjustment made to the comparable GAAP measures, the ways management uses the non-GAAP measures, and the reasons why management believes the non-GAAP measures provide useful information for investors.

Intel Security Group Operating Segment

| | Three Months Ended | | | | | Twelve Months Ended | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|----------------|----|----------------|----------|---------------------|-----------------|----|-----------------|----------|--|
| (\$ in Millions) | | ec 26, 2015 | | ec 27, 2014 | % Change | | Dec 26, 2015 | | Dec 27, 2014 | % Change | |
| GAAP NET REVENUE | | 533 | | 531 | % | | 2,077 | | 2,121 | (2)% | |
| Constant currency adjustment | | 32 | | | | | 167 | | | | |
| NON-GAAP NET REVENUE, CONSTANT CURRENCY ADJUSTED | \$ | 565 | \$ | 531 | 6% | \$ | 2,244 | \$ | 2,121 | 6 % | |
| GAAP OPERATING INCOME | | 91 | | 57 | 60% | | 261 | | 229 | 14 % | |
| Constant currency adjustment | | 15 | | | | | 71 | | | | |
| NON-GAAP OPERATING INCOME, CONSTANT CURRENCY ADJUSTED | \$ | 106 | \$ | 57 | 86% | \$ | 332 | \$ | 229 | 45 % | |

SUPPLEMENTAL RECONCILIATIONS OF GAAP CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO NON-GAAP GROSS CASH AND NON-GAAP NET CASH RESULTS

Set forth below are reconciliations of the non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures. The non-GAAP financial measures disclosed by the company have limitations and should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP, and the financial results prepared in accordance with GAAP and reconciliations from these results should be carefully evaluated. Please refer to "Explanation of Non-GAAP Measures" in this document for a detailed explanation of the adjustments made to comparable GAAP measures, the ways management uses these non-GAAP measures, and the reasons why management believes these non-GAAP measures provide useful information for investors.

| (\$ in Millions) | | Dec 26, 2015 | | Sep 27, 2015 | | Dec 27, 2014 | |
|--|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| GAAP CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | \$ | 15,308 | \$ | 7,065 | \$ | 2,561 | |
| Short-term investments | | 2,682 | | 7,119 | | 2,430 | |
| Trading assets | | 7,323 | | 6,659 | | 9,063 | |
| Total cash investments | \$ | 25,313 | \$ | 20,843 | \$ | 14,054 | |
| GAAP OTHER LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS | \$ | 1,891 | \$ | 1,829 | \$ | 2,023 | |
| Loans receivable and other | | 1,170 | | 1,191 | | 1,335 | |
| Reverse repurchase agreements with original maturities greater than approximately three months | | 1,000 | | 2,650 | | 450 | |
| NON-GAAP OTHER LONGER TERM INVESTMENTS | \$ | 4,061 | \$ | 5,670 | \$ | 3,808 | |
| NON-GAAP GROSS CASH | \$ | 29,374 | \$ | 26,513 | \$ | 17,862 | |
| (\$ in Millions) | | Dec 26, 2015 | Sep 27, 2015 | | Dec 27, 2014 | | |
| GAAP CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | \$ | 15,308 | \$ | 7,065 | \$ | 2,561 | |
| Short-term investments | | 2,682 | | 7,119 | | 2,430 | |
| Trading assets | | 7,323 | | 6,659 | | 9,063 | |
| Total cash investments | \$ | 25,313 | \$ | 20,843 | \$ | 14,054 | |
| Short-term debt | | (2,634) | | (1,129) | | (1,596) | |
| Unsettled trade liabilities and other | | (99) | | (200) | | (77) | |
| Long-term debt | | (20,036) | | (20,059) | | (12,059) | |
| NON-GAAP NET CASH (excluding other longer term investments) | \$ | 2,544 | \$ | (545) | \$ | 322 | |
| GAAP OTHER LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS | \$ | 1,891 | \$ | 1,829 | \$ | 2,023 | |
| Loans receivable and other | | 1,170 | | 1,191 | | 1,335 | |
| Reverse repurchase agreements with original maturities greater than approximately three months | _ | 1,000 | | 2,650 | | 450 | |
| NON-GAAP OTHER LONGER TERM INVESTMENTS | \$ | 4,061 | \$ | 5,670 | \$ | 3,808 | |
| NON-GAAP NET CASH (including other longer term investments) | \$ | 6,605 | \$ | 5,125 | \$ | 4,130 | |